Bothege

**UPTIME** 

COMUNICAÇÃO EM INGLÊS

Messelman

# Os sentidos na aprendizagem

Pesquisa realizada pela Socony-Vacuum Oil Co. sobre a importância dos sentidos na aprendizagem e na retenção dos conhecimentos, revelou os seguintes dados:

#### Aprendemos:

Retemos: 10% do que lemos. 1% através do GOSTO

20% do que escutamos 1.52% através do tato

3,5% através do Olfato

30% do que vemos 50% do que vemos e escutamos

11,5% através da audição

70% do que ouvimos e logo discutimos

83% através da VISÃO

90% do que ouvimos e logo realizamos





Métodos	Dados retidos após 03 h.	Dados retidos após 03 dlas
Somente Oral	70%	10%
Somente Visual	72%	20%
Visual e Oral	85%	60%

#### Com relação à audição e visão, concluímos:

- A aprendizagem se verifica mais pela visão do que qualquer outro sentido. A audição vem em 2º lugar.
- A taxa de extinção (esquecimento) é bem menor quando a visão e a audição são acionados, simultaneamente, no processo de aprendizagem.

# As 100 palayras mais comuns

Tony Buzan, em seu livro "Usando Sua Memória", aponta que apenas 100 palavras abrangem 50% de todas as palavras usadas, na conversação, em uma língua. Aprendendo estas 100 palavras, qualquer pessoa terá percorrido um bom caminho para aprender a falar uma língua, embora em um nível básico.

As 100 palavras básicas que compreendem 50% de todas as palavras usadas em inglês segundo Tony Buzan;

1	a, an	21	go	41	one	61	place	81	think
2	after	22	good	42	more	62	please	82	this
3	again	23	goodbye	43	most	63	same	83	time
4	all	24	happy	44	much	64	500	84	to
5	almost	25	have	45	my	65	she	85	under
6	also	26	he	46	new	66	so	86	up
7	always	27	hello	47	no	67	some	87	us
8	and	28	here	48	not	68	sometimes	88	was
9	because	29	how	49	now	69	still	89	very
10	before	30	T.	50	of	70	such	90	we
11	big	31	am	51	often	71	tell	91	what
12	but	32	if	52	on	72	thank you	92	when
13	can	33	in	53	once	73	that	93	where
14	come	34	know	54	only	74	the	94	which
15	either / or	35	last	55	or	75	their	95	who
16	find	36	like	56	other	76	them	96	why
17	first	37	little	57	our	77	then	97	with
18	for	38	love	58	out	78	there is	98	yes
19	friend	39	make	59	over	79	they	99	you
20	from	40	many	60	people	80	thing	100	your

am proce

# **Welcome & Nationalities**

conversation





Jane: Hi, David. How are you?

David: Hello, Jane! I'm fine, thank you. And you?

Jane: I'm very well, thanks. David, this is my friend, Amy.

David: Hi, Amy. It's nice to meet you.

Amy: Nice to meet you too.

Good evening. I'm Paul. What's your name? Paul:

Susan: Hi, Paul, my name is Susan. Where are you from?

I'm from Brazil. What about you?

Susan: Oh, you're Brazilian. I'm from England. Paul:

How nice. My friend Cindy is British too.



# vocbox



# Greetings



Good morning



Good afternoon



Good evening



Good night!

#### How are you feeling?

How are you?

How is it going?

How are you doing?

How have you been?



Not bad.

I'm great!

Not so good. I'm not doing well.



Things are ok. I'm all right.

0

I'm from Brazil. -> I am from Brazil.

What's your name? → What is your name?

She's Italian. → She is Italian.

He isn't Italian. → He is not Italian.

We're students. → We are students.

They aren't students. → They are not students.



It\_\_\_\_

pleasure to

meet you.

INTRO

Your turn! Complete the sentences with am, is, or are.

Joy, how \_\_\_\_ you doing?

doing all right.



you visiting?

No, I \_\_\_\_\_ not.
Alex and I \_\_\_
students at the
university.



This is my girlfriend, Taylor.

She \_\_\_\_\_ from Canada.

It \_\_\_\_\_ nice to meet you.



Where \_\_\_\_\_\_ your family? \_\_\_\_\_ they here?

No, they\_\_\_\_\_not.
They\_\_\_\_\_ in Canada.





# Introductions



First name: Peter Last name: Brock

Age: 45

to

Hometown: Chicago, USA Hobbies: Films, golf, jazz

Hi! My name is Peter
Brock. I'm 45 years old.
I'm from Chicago, in the
USA. I love films, golf, and
jazz.



First name: Cindy Last name: Taylor

Age: 35

Hometown: Liverpool,

England

Hobbies: Yoga



First name:

Age:

Hometown:

Hobbies:

exercises

## 1. Complete the dialogue below.

Ann: Hello, Richard. How\_\_\_\_\_you?

Richard: \_\_\_\_\_\_, Ann. I'm \_\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_. And you?

Ann: \_\_\_\_\_\_ very well. This is my friend, Alice.

Richard: Nice to \_\_\_\_\_\_ you, Alice.

Alice: \_\_\_\_\_ too.

Richard: Where you ?

Alice: I'm from Rio de Janeiro. How \_\_\_\_\_\_ you?

Richard: I'm from Sydney, Australia.

Alice: Oh, you \_\_\_\_\_ Australian.

Richard: Yes. Excuse me, but I have to go, girls.

Ann & Alice: Ok! Bye, Richard.

# 2. Match the country with the nationality.

# Country Nationality 1. Brazil ( ) German 2. The United States ( ) Italian 3. Germany (1) Brazilian 4. Mexico ( ) Spanish 5. Russia ) South Korean 6. Japan ) Russian 7. Italy ) Australian 8. Spain ) American 9. Australia ) Mexican 10. South Korea ) Japanese 3. Complete each sentence like the example. e.g.: He is from Brazil. He is Brazilian. a) They b) You They are Mexican. You are South Korean. c) She d) We She is German. We are Brazilian. f) 1 I am Spanish. I am American.

e) I \_



# The Alphabet

Aa-/ei/



Cc-/si:/



Ee-/i:/



**Ambulance** 

Bell

Cat

Drum

E-mail

Ff-/ef/



Gg-/dgi:/



Hh-/eits/



II-/ai/



**Fireworks** 

an

Guitar

Heart

Ice

Jj-/dgei/



Kk-/kei/



LI-/el/



Mm-/em/



Jet

Keys

Lion

Monkey

Nn-/en/



0 o - /ou/



Pp-/pi:/



Qq-/kju:/



Night

Owl

Popcorn

Quiet

Rr-/a:r/



Ss-/es/



Tt-/ti:/



V v - /vi:/



Rain

Snake







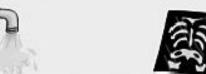
Telephone



Umbrella

Violin

Ww-/dablju:/



Xx-/eks/



Yes!



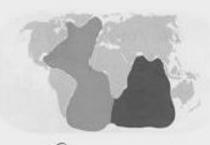
Zipper

Water

X-ray

#### Numbers





2 Two oceans



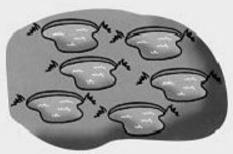
Three countries



4 Four states



5 Five continents



6 Six lakes



7 Seven mountains



8 Eight cities



9 Nine rivers



O Ten islands

# Occupations & Age

#### conversation





In the elevator ...

Henry: Excuse me, miss. Are you Brenda Collins?

Brenda: Yes. And you're Mark's friend, Henry.

Henry: That's right. I'm Henry Smith. What do you do,

Ms. Collins?

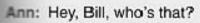
Brenda: I'm a secretary here. What is your occupation?

Henry: I'm a dentist.

Brenda: How nice. Do you like your job?

Henry: Very much. How old are you, Brenda?

Brenda: I'm 22 years old.



Bill: That teenager? That's Jose.

Ann: Where is he from?

Bill: He's from Madrid, Spain.

Ann: How old is he?

Bill: He is 16. What's your age?

Ann: How old am I? I'm 18. I'm a teenager too.





Carol: Hey, Peter! Who is that lady in the kitchen?

Peter: She's the housekeeper. Carol: Oh, I see, And what's that?

Peter: That's my CD collection. And this

is my CD player.



### Occupations



Doctor / physician



Nurse



Accountant



Engineer



Lawyer / attorney



Artist



Firefighter



Psychologist



Systems Analyst



Architect



News Anchor



Cook / chef



Plumber



Photographer



Singer



Real Estate Agent / broker



Hairdresser / barber

#### language interaction

### 1. Look at each picture and read the sentences below.



This is my ball.



That is my school.



These are my books and those are my friends.

#### Your Turn! Complete the sentences.



is an umbrella.



are my sisters.



That a cat.



are pens.



These are

#### 2. This is David's address.



ogist

David lives in Denver, Colorado, USA. (city, state, country or region)



David lives on Pearl Street, Denver, Colorado, USA. (street or avenue)



David lives at 1574 Pearl Street, Denver, Colorado, USA. (number)

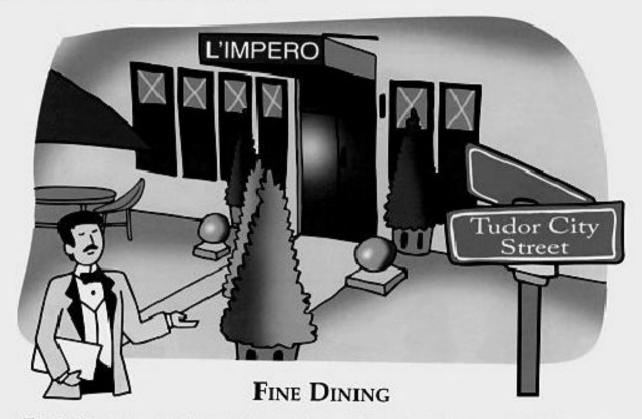
# Your Turn! Complete the sentences with in, on, or at.

My house is Montblanc is 1165 Main Street, Boston, Massachusetts, USA. Madison Avenue, Manhattan, New York, USA.

New Zealand. My friend lives \_







This is L'Impero, an Italian restaurant. It's on Tudor City Street, in Manhattan, New York. Spaghetti and other pasta are always on the menu. It's a great restaurant. It opens at 12 pm. Michael White is the chef at the restaurant. A nice dinner for two costs about US\$ 70.00.

all Wi

di De

ati Tite

B Mr

**\$1.33** 

### comprehension

What's the restaurant called?	
Where is the restaurant?	
What type of food is on the menu?	
What is your favorite restaurant? Name:	
Type of food:	
Address:	
Opens at:	
Closes at:	
Price of a dinner for two: \$	

1. Match the question word with the correct sentence. Fill in the blanks where necessary.

Question Word	Sentence	
1. Where	( ) are you an English student? "Because it's important for my job."	
2. How	( ) is your favorite actor? "My favorite actor is	
3. Why	(5) is your father? "He is 56 years old."	
4. Who	( ) is John? "He is at school."	
5. How old	( ) is his name? "It's George Hook."	
6. What	( ) are you? "/"	

Complete with this, that, these, or those.

e.g.: What are those? (distant)

- a) What are \_\_\_\_\_ ? (near)
- b) is the sun.
- c) are the stars.
- is my friend, Jenny. (near)
- e) What's \_\_\_\_ ? (near)



3. Match the first part of the sentence with the correct ending.

a) Mike lives at
 b) My school is in

lew

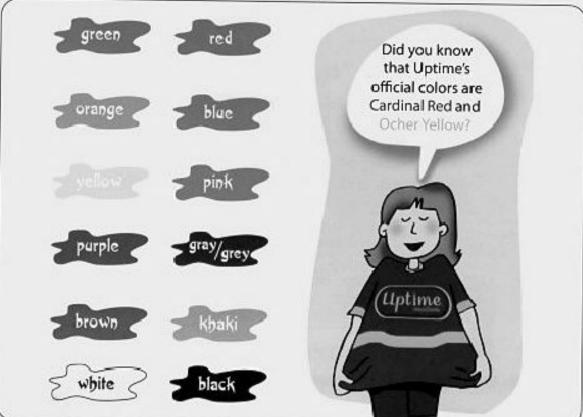
osts

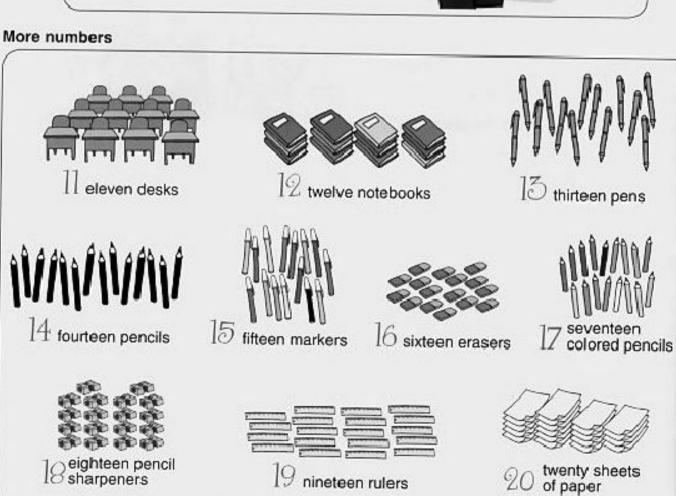
- c) That Italian restaurant is on
- d) Denver is in
- e) The library is at-
- f) My friends live on
- g) John lives on

- ( ) a nice neighborhood.
- (e) 56 Washington Avenue, New York.
- ( ) Main Street.
- ( ) 790 North Sherman Street. He likes living there.
- ( ) that street. We play together after school.
- ( ) the state of Colorado.
- ( ) Tudor City Street. He lives close to Carol.



### What's your favorite color?





# Home & Furniture

#### conversation





My name is Lucy Simon. I'm 12 years old. My father is a lawyer, and my mother is a saleswoman.

I live at 745 Walnut Street, in downtown Chicago – USA. This is my house. Come on in!

Sally: Hey, Lucy. Cool house!

Lucy: Thanks! Want a tour?

Sally: Sure.

pencils

eets

Lucy: It's got a lot of rooms. This is my bedroom. It's small.

Sally: But it's nice. There are a lot of neat things in your bedroom!

Clock<sup>3</sup>, and a desk<sup>4</sup>. On the bed there is a blue pillow<sup>5</sup> and a pink blanket<sup>6</sup>, my favorite

Sally: I like your stereo7. The speakers are huge!

Lucy: I like to listen to loud music. Look. The curtains are blue like my pillow. I also have a computer and a poster of my favorite singer.





Sally: Sweet bedroom.

Lucy: Thanks! Let's go see the living room.

Sally: It's big.

Lucy: It's comfortable too. There's a coffee

table<sup>1</sup>, a couch<sup>2</sup>, an armchair<sup>3</sup>, a TV<sup>4</sup>, a grandfather clock<sup>5</sup>, and a rug<sup>6</sup>.

thirteen

Sally: What else?

Lucy: There is a bathroom down the hall.

Sally: Is there a bathtub in there?

Lucy: No, but there is a shower<sup>1</sup>, a sink<sup>2</sup>, a mirror<sup>3</sup>, and a toilet<sup>4</sup>. And of course there is toilet paper<sup>5</sup>, toothbrushes<sup>6</sup>.

toothpaste7, and towels8.

Sally: There's a towel on the floor.

Lucy: It looks dirty. Let's take it to the

laundry room.





Sally: Where is it?

Lucy: In the backyard.

Sally: What is there in the laundry room?

Lucy: Cleaning supplies. There is a bucket<sup>1</sup>, a broom<sup>2</sup>, and laundry detergent<sup>3</sup>. There's

also a sink4 and a washing machine5.

Fro

Dr

Ma

Sally: I see. And where is your kitchen? I'm hungry!

Lucy: I'm hungry too. Come on, there

are cookies in the kitchen!

Our kitchen is pretty normal.

There is a stove¹, a refrigerator², a dishwasher³, a sink⁴ with two taps, a microwave oven⁵, a cupboard⁶,

and an exhaust fan7.





Sally: Mmmm...the cookies smell delicious.

Lucy: They just came out of the oven.

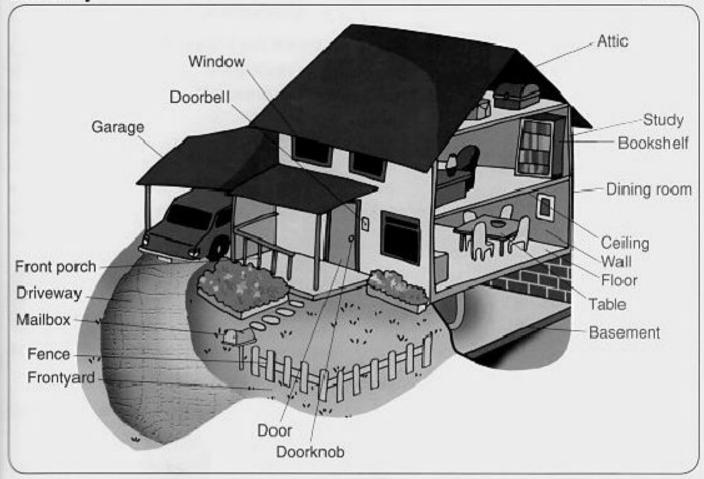
They're still warm. Here you go!

Sally: These are awesome! Your mom is a good

cook.

Outside

Inside



language interaction

1. Read the sentences below. What is in each room?

There is a bed.
There are curtains.

Is there a bathtub in the bathroom?

Are there cookies in the kitchen?

There isn't a bathtub in the kitchen.

There aren't cookies in the bathroom.

Is there a couch in the living room?

- ( ) No, there isn't.
- ( x ) Yes, there is.

Are there towels in the living room?

- ( ) Yes, there are.
- ( ) No, there aren't.



fifteen



Is	there	a	washing	machine	in	the	kitchen	?
----	-------	---	---------	---------	----	-----	---------	---

How

- ) No, there isn't.
- ( ) Yes, there is.

#### Is there a sink in the kitchen?

- ( ) Yes, there is.
- ( ) No, there isn't.

#### Are there curtains in the bedroom?

- ( ) No. there aren't.
- ( ) Yes, there are.

#### Is there a wardrobe in the bedroom?

- ( ) Yes, there is.
- ( ) No, there isn't.



# 2. I can't find my glasses! Read each sentence below to know where the glasses are.



The glasses are in the briefcase.



The glasses are in front of the TV.



The glasses are behind the briefcase.



The glasses are on the TV set.



The glasses are next to the briefcase.



The glasses are under the address book.

# Your turn! Answer the questions according to the picture below.

- a) Where is the lamp?
- b) Where are the glasses?
- c) Where is the newspaper?



- d) Where is the briefcase?
- e) Where are the keys?
- f) Where is the cell phone?



# HOMES.4.U REAL ESTATE AGENCY

#### Large house for sale in L.A.

We have a beautiful house for sale this week! There are four bedrooms and two bathrooms on the second floor of this two-story house. There is a large, comfortable living room and a roomy kitchen on the first floor. The backyard¹ is big, with a beautiful garden, a tall tree², and a swimming pool³. The roof⁴ is gray, the door⁵ is red, and the window shutters⁶ are yellow. It is a great house for families with children!

comprehension



What is there on the second floor of the house?

Describe what is in the backyard.

What color are the shutters?

Who is the house perfect for?

e x e r c i s e s

1. Describe your house or apartment.

# 2. Complete each sentence with there is or there are in the correct form.

e.g.: There is a car in the garage.

There isn't a bathtub in the living room.

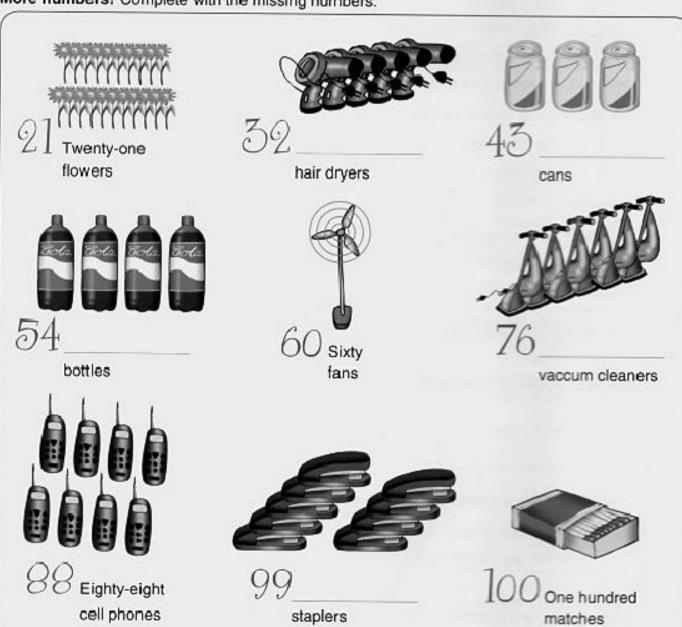
Are there hotels in the city?

a) two chairs in the living room. e) cookies in the bathroom. a shower in the kitchen. b)\_ f) a park in the neighborhood c) cars on the street? g) a tall tree in the backvard d) a window in the room? h) stars in the sky.

curiosities

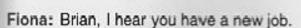


More numbers! Complete with the missing numbers.



# **Routines & Habits**

MOO orha cyant conversation



Brian: I do. I am a civil servant. I work

for the government.

Fiona: What do you do in your new

position?

Brian: I file income tax records, make phone

calls, and hear lots of complaints.

Fiona: Do you work all day?

Brian: No, only in the afternoons. In the

mornings I work out.

Fiona: Every morning?

Brian: For the most part. Almost every morning I wake up early, have

breakfast, work out for two hours, and do my personal care routine to

get ready for work.

Fiona: Do you eat lunch at home?

Brian: No, I eat at a restaurant near the

you, Fiona? What do you do?

government office. What about

Fiona: I take care of my children.

Brian: Do you like being a homemaker?

Fiona: I love it! My husband makes enough

money to support the family, so I get to

spend time with the kids.

Brian: What does your husband do?

Fiona: He's a judge. He works at the

courthouse.

Brian: Does he send many criminals to

prison?

Fiona: Yes, he does.

Brian: That's good. Well, I have to go.

See you later.

Fiona: See you later, Brian.

## vocbox



Every day

Often

On weekends

Always

Some mornings

In the evening

At nights

Every time







to read



to swim











































to play

to put (on make up)



# Read and listen to the sentences below.





Do they work at the club?

No, they don't.

Does she study Italian?

No, she doesn't.

They don't work at the club. She doesn't study Italian.



# Your turn! Complete the chart below.

You We play soccer. They

He She \_\_\_\_\_ soccer.



a)

b)

e)

g)

h)

2. De

3. Fil

Dr

do

ea

bri

# MEET BRENDA KELLEHER!

Brenda Kelleher is a teacher. She is 25 years old. She teaches math<sup>1</sup> at the public school in her neighborhood. Every day she gets up early, brushes her teeth<sup>2</sup>, takes a shower, and combs her hair. Then, she eats breakfast<sup>3</sup>, puts on her make up, and goes to work. Brenda doesn't have a car, so she takes the bus to work<sup>4</sup>. She teaches for about 7 hours. At 3 o'clock she goes back home<sup>5</sup>. She prepares dinner at 6 pm.

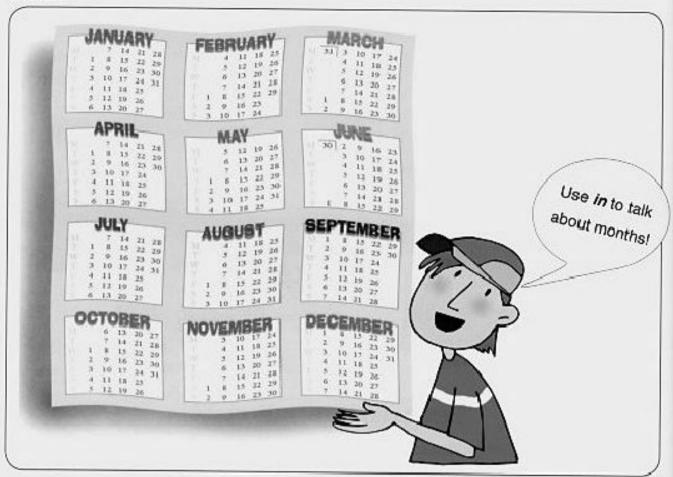
### comprehension

Is Brenda a secretary?	
What is Brenda's occupation?	
Where does she work?	
How does she get to work every day?	
How old is Brenda?	
What does Brenda do after she eats breakfast?	
Does she work at night?	
When does she work?	
What does she do after teaching math?	

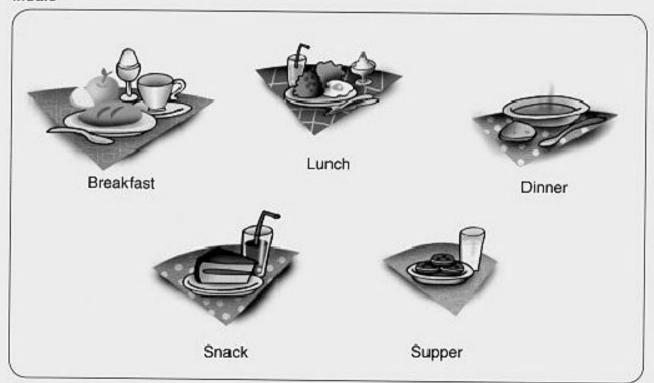
In complete sente	nces, answer ti	he questions ab	out yourself.	
a) What is your nar	me?			111
b) How old are you	?			what is your
c) What do you do	?			name?
d) How do you get	to work/school?			A STATE OF
e) What do you do	after breakfast?		1.6	(1) E
f) Where do you ha	ve lunch?		/	1) 60
g) What do you eat	for dinner?		Y	5 7/ T
h) How many hours		sleep?		
Describe your dai	ly routine.			
Fill in the blanks u			· (to live) with	his friend in a flat
			Janet. They	
			path and	
			(to rea	
			(to drive) Jan	
			car. Then he	
work. He	(to work) fr	om 9 am to 6 pm	. At night, they	(to meet
at a restaurant to h	ave dinner. Ther	n they	(to go) home,	(to brush
their teeth, and	(to go) to	bed.		



#### Months



#### Meals



To

To

To

To

To Bo

To

Bo

# **Animals & Time**

alk

hs!

conversation





Tour guide: Welcome to the Bronx Zoo!

Gather around, kids! It's 9:50 am, almost time to start the tour.

Tommy: Ooooh, what a weird lizard!

Tour guide: That's an iguana1, Tommy.

Tommy: What does it like to eat?

Tour guide: It is a herbivore. It eats

flowers2, leaves3, and fruits4. Iguanas like to live near

trees5 and water6.

Tommy: Do they climb trees?

Tour guide: It's their specialty. And if a

predator attacks, the iguana runs very quickly or dives into the water and swims away.

Tommy: Sweet! What a cool lizard!

Bonnie: I don't like lizards. They're

gross! But I like dolphins7. They're beautiful fish!

Tour guide: They're not fish, Bonnie.

They are mammals.

Bonnie: Oh, yeah. I knew that. What

are they like?

Tour guide: Dolphins are very intelligent animals.

They have excellent hearing and vision, and they talk to each other in

their own special way.

Bonnie: I didn't know that! Do they have

teeth?

Tour guide: Yes, about two hundred and fifty of

them.

Bonnie: But they're friendly, right?

Tour guide: Sure. That's why they're so easy to

train. And do you know how they

sleep?

Children: Uh-uh...



twenty-five

Tour guide: They take short naps... with one

half of their brain at a time! So one side of their brain sleeps while the other side stays awake.

Bonnie: Wow, that's crazy!

Tommy: Hey, look. There's your mom,

Bonnie.

Bonnie: Is the field trip over already?

Tour guide: 4 o'clock sharp! Time to end

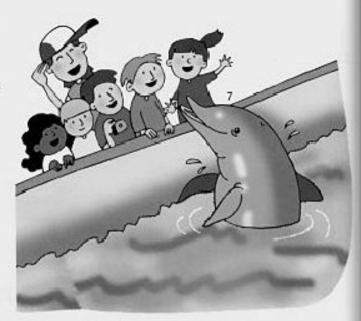
the tour.

Children: Awww...

Tour guide: You don't have to go home, but

you can't stay here! Thanks for coming, kiddies. Come back

again!



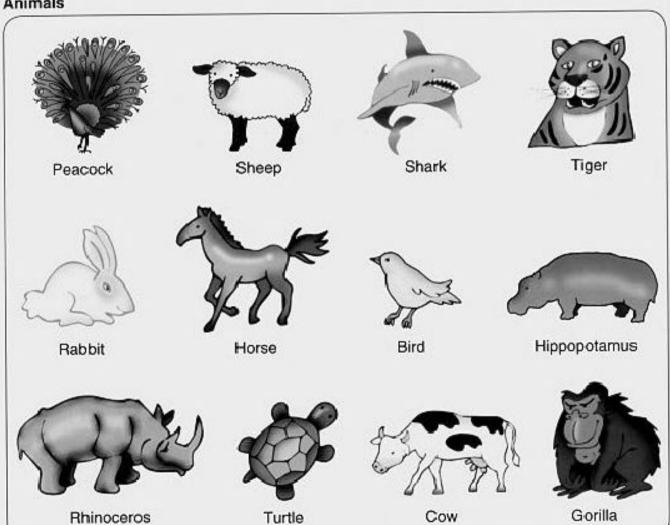
Yo

2 Obs

#### voc box



#### Animals



### language interaction

#### 1. Read the questions about the animals below.



What is the zebra like? It's black and white. It has a long tail and a beautiful mane. What does the zebra like? It likes grass and likes to run in the wild.

#### Your turn! Match the collumns below.

- 1. What does it like? (2) It is gray and 4 feet long.
- 2. What is it like?
- (1) It likes to eat small fish.





- 1. What does it like? ( ) It likes flowers, fruits, and leaves.
- 2. What is it like? ( ) It's green and small. It has spikes on its back.



- What does it like? ) It is big and yellow. It has a beautiful mane.
- 2. What is it like? ) It likes to eat meat and play in the wild.

#### Observe the clocks below.



6:00 It's six o'clock.



7:10 It's ten past seven.



8:40 It's twenty to nine.

# Your turn! Complete the table below with the missing times.

11:05

It's five past eleven.

11:25

11:50

It's ten to twelve.

11:45

9:00

lt's \_\_

11:55

It's five to noon.

5:20

6:30

It's six thirty.

10:15

It's a quarter past ten.

1:00

7:55

It's seven fifty-six.

4:40



a)

b)

c)

d)

e)

g)

h)

2 Mai

3. Fill

# AT THE ZOO

Jason is a zookeeper' at the San Diego Zoo. His day starts early in the morning and ends late in the afternoon. At seven o'clock in the morning (7:00 am), he feeds the elephants<sup>2</sup>. They are fat and heavy. They like to play in the water and eat grass.

Then, at half past eight (8:30 am), Jason gives the bears<sup>3</sup> fish and fruit. There is one animal that doesn't need help: the giraffes<sup>4</sup>. They have long necks, so they can reach leaves from the top of tall trees. The lions<sup>5</sup> are the main attraction. They are meat eaters, so Jason is careful not to fall into their cage!

At noon (12 pm), it is Jason's turn to eat. At a quarter past one (1:15 pm), he cleans the cages. Jason's day is over at a quarter to six (5:45 pm), and he goes home to rest for the evening.

### comprehension

What do elephants like?	
What are elephants like?	
Where do giraffes get their food?	
What time does Jason have lunch?	
What do bears have for breakfast?	
What do you have for breakfast?	

# 1. What do the people in the pictures do at each time?



e.g.: 6:00 am She sleeps.





a) 8:00 am \_\_\_\_\_





b) 8:45 am \_\_\_\_\_ c) 9:30 am \_\_\_\_\_





d) 11:00 am \_\_\_\_\_







f) 2:00 pm \_\_\_\_\_

g) 6:15 pm \_\_\_\_\_

e) 12:00 pm \_\_\_\_\_

h) 10:00 pm \_\_\_\_\_

late

imal the

not

iges.

# 2. Match the animal to the correct part.

# Animal

\_\_ Doa

\_ Lion

Bird

Elephant

Horse

Shark





a) beak



d) tail



b) fin



e) paw



c) mane



f) trunk

# 3. Fill in the blanks and match the columns. Follow the example.

100	)
2	your mother work in the mornings?

( ) No, He \_\_. He rock and roll.

your mother work in the mornings? (4) No, they don't. They live in the water.

\_ iguanas eat insects?

you speak French?

( ) No, they \_\_\_\_. They run very quickly.

Do hippos live on land? —

( ) No, I \_\_\_\_\_. I study English.

iguanas slow animals?

( ) No. It isn't. It on the shelf.

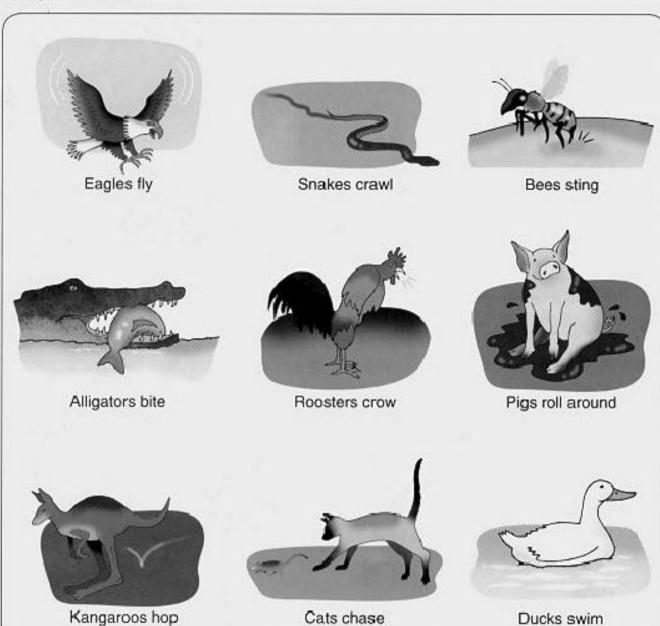
your book in your backpack?

( ) No, she \_\_\_\_\_. She works in the afternoon.

Mick Jagger play country music? ( ) No, they \_\_\_\_\_. They eat fruits and plants.



# Things animals do



At the Wait

Wait

Wait Ca D

Wait Ca Wait Ca Wait Di Car

Wait

D

### What other animals do these things?

fly	crawl	sting	_ b	ite	crow
roll arou	and	hop	chase	swim	

# Food & Kitchen

#### conversation

At the steak house ...

Waitress: Good evening. Are you guys ready to order?

David: I think so. Edith, why don't you start?

Edith: All right. I'll have the sirloin steak, please. Does it come

with garlic rice?

Waitress: Yes, madam, and a side of fries. How would you like

your steak cooked? Rare, medium rare, medium well,

or well-done?

Edith: Well-done, please.

Waitress: Ok, and for you, sir?

Carson: Skip me. I can't decide what I'm in the mood for.

David: I know what I want: the ham and Swiss cheese sandwich,

please. With onions, but no lettuce or tomatoes.

Waitress: Would you like mayonnaise on that?

David: I prefer it on the side, please.

Waitress: Sure, I'll let the chef know. And you, sir? Are you ready now?

Carson: I'm stuck between the bacon cheeseburger and the pasta Alfredo.

Waitress: If I may make a suggestion, our burgers are the best in town.

Carson: Then I'll go with the bacon cheeseburger! With ketchup and mustard, please.

Waitress: And what can I bring you all to drink?

David: I want a lemonade. No ice, please.

Carson: Diet soda for me.

Edith: Make it two!

Waitress: No problem. I'll be back shortly with your

beverages. drinks

Later ...

Waitress: Can I bring you all some dessert?

Edith: Thank you, but there's no room left! We'll

take the check please. Can you split it for us?

Carson: Oh, no. This one's on me.

David: In that case, I'll take care of the tip.

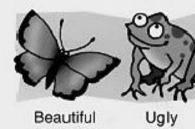


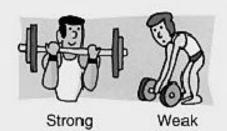




# Opposite Adjectives















Cold Hot

Expensive

Cheap

Slow Fast













Good

Bad

Difficult

Easy

Rich

Poor













Full

Empty

Нарру

Sad









Big

Small

Thin

Fat



### 1. Look at the pictures and read the sentences below.



Are there any flowers in the vase?



Yes! There are some flowers in the vase!



No. There aren't any flowers in the vase.

or

No. There are no flowers in the vase.

Your turn! Complete the sentences in the boxes with any, some, or no.



Are there cookies in the jar?



Yes! There are cookies in the jar.



No. There aren't cookies in the jar.

No. There are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ cookies in the jar.



Is there \_\_\_\_\_food \_\_\_ in the fridge?



Yes! There is borne Judge?



No. There won't arry godge

or

No. The Us no

# 2. Read the paragraph below. Pay attention to the underlined words!

P Articles (sirrigular or plunal) - specific winto There is a cat in my neighborhood. It has an excellent appetite. The cat is very friendly and likes to play with a little girl. The little girl lives across the street from my house. She gives the cat a bowl of milk every morning.



a fam -> singular (general imfe)

Your turn! Complete the paragraph below.

There is were excellent restaurant near my office. The restaurant is usually very busy. Nancy is

waitress. She is the waitress at the restaurant near my office.

Nancy has \_\_\_\_ cat, \_\_\_ cat likes to walk around \_\_\_ city.

Nancy thinks it has many friends. She is right. Are cat and my neighbor are good friends.

The Robertinine Reclaurant a reslamont to owneral,

reading (Specific)

There are the books that I shudy (peural)



# HEALTH & NUTRITION

2. C

f)

g

3. In

It's important to read the nutrition facts label on the products we buy. It tells us if the food is good or bad for our health. Healthy food is low in cholesterol, sugar, salt, and fat If you want to have a healthy diet. avoid hamburgers2, ice cream3, and fatty soups\*. Eat vegetables, like tomatoes5, lettuce6, peas7, carrots8, and corn9. Fruits and grains are

also important! Bananas10, oranges11, and apples12 are delicious and rich in vitamins. And don't forget cereal<sup>13</sup> and whole-wheat bread<sup>14</sup>. Both are great sources of fiber.

# comprehension

According to the text, what is important in a healthy diet? \_\_loanding\_\_lo the text imperionit est regetables, fruits, grains and avoid lat your Solt sugar.

Do you read the nutrition facts label of the products you buy? Why or why not? because I don't four time to see product by product

Does your diet include a lot of sugar, salt, and fat? A custom sak has things on the weekend, but sometimes on the week too.

What can you do to improve your diet? I need to eat more discussioned take more water and award sordar

a + "composant" sownd am + "vowel" sound la e i cio ui

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			2	91	
		d	ø	а	
Date:	1	۲	1		
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incy is

TION

utrition we buy.

or bad

is low ind fat.

ny diet

m3, and es, like

arrots"

ns are don't 1. Complete with a or an. e.g.: a book

a car

a dog

a university

a horse

an hour

an elephant

an Indian a unicern / wir you

a umit

_0	teaspoon 🗹	_om_honor ~	Su	baby -	OL	house U
_0m	alien 🗸	_a_truck <	04	cell phone 🤛	00	boat 🗸
_0	unicorn 04-	an American	a	bottle opener -	Orn	iron 🗸
0	hoadie /	o girl -	an	island =	nn	oonlo (

## Complete with some, any, or no.

- e.g.: There aren't any stars in the sky today.
- a) I have \_\_\_\_\_\_ magazines on my desk. ~
- b) There aren't \_\_\_\_\_ pillows in this room. \( \square\)
- c) I don't know \_\_\_\_\_ good restaurants around here. ∨
- d) There's \_\_\_\_\_ water in the bucket. We need some. or
- e) Does she speak \_\_\_\_\_other language? <
- f) Dave doesn't eat \_\_\_\_\_kind of vegetable. Ok-
- g) They have \_\_\_\_\_ nice paintings at the Museum.
- h) Those kids have \_\_\_\_\_\_ food at home. They're hungry.
- i) Do we have \_\_\_\_\_ money here? <
- j) There are \_\_\_\_\_ drawers in this closet. That's strange.



## 3. Imagine you're in a restaurant. What would you answer the waiter?

Waiter: Good evening, sir/madam. Are you ready to order?

You: Crosod enterinous tues, I am

Waiter: What will you have?

You: I'll have a salad.

Waiter: What would you like to drink?

You: I want a just apple

Waiter: Anything else?

You: Swe I would like dessert, Acambe am in man.

#### Vegetables



Broccoli



Green peppers



Meats



Steak



Pork



Chicken



Fish

Dairy



Milk



Butter



Cheese



Yogurt

Fruits



Strawberry



Grapes



Pineapple



Watermelon



Pear

#### Kitchenware



Silverware



Spoon



Fork



Knife



Pot / pan



Frying pan



Pitcher / jar



Plate



Glass



Mug



Bowl



Napkin

# **lightseeing & Shopping**

#### conversation





Mary: John, what do you think about going to Chicago on our vacation? I hear the city is beautiful this time of year.

John: That's a great idea, Mary! Let's call Albert at the travel agency. I don't think a trip like that is expensive.

#### In Chicago...

Mary: Wow! There are so many things to see and do in this big city.

John: I don't know, Mary, we are walking and walking and I still don't see the Hampton Inn.

Mary: It is taking a long time to get there. I think we're lost.

John: Lost? No way! I know how to get there. Hand me the map. Man, this city is confusing! Where are we?

Mary: Look, a policeman. We can ask him for directions. Excuse me, officer?

Policeman: Yes? Do you need some help?

Mary: Can you tell us how to get to the Hampton Inn?

Policeman: Oh, sure. It's not far from here. Go straight up this street and hang a left at the traffic light. That's Michigan Street. Then, take your first right and walk two more blocks. That's West Monroe Street, where the hotel is.

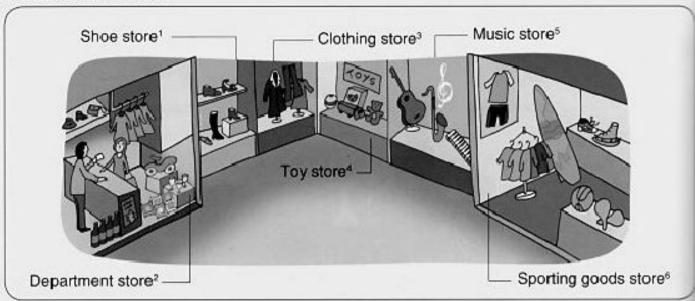
Mary: Got it. Thank you, officer. You're a big help!

Policeman: No problem, ma'am. That's what I'm here for. Have a great day, and enjoy your stay.

John: Once we find the hotel, let's rent a car. I'm tired of walking. I can't wait to go sightseeing.

Mary: Me either! There are tons of sights to visit.

#### Stores found in a mall



#### Words to know



to shop



Fitting room



Food court



Half-off



Discount



Sale



Price tag

Th

fe

52

50



to spend



Coupon



Deal

## language interaction

## 1. Listen to the following dialogue.

John: How many blocks until we get to the hotel?

Mary: Not many, I hope. At least we don't have a lot of luggage.

John: It's not much luggage, but it's very heavy.

Mary: John, how much money do we have?

John: We only have a few dollars for lunch.

Mary: Let's hurry. There's little time until the show.

John: We'll make it. I see lots of restaurants nearby.

#### Countable

Blocks Dollars

#### Uncountable

Luggage Money

Time

Your turn! Write much; many, little, few, a lot of, and lots of in the correct category below.

Uncountable	Both
much	aceto
little	Rots of punky
	much

reading

## A DAY AT THE MALL

Billy White takes his family to the mall. There are plenty of stores, and they see many different things. At the pet shop<sup>1</sup>, they see a few dogs<sup>2</sup> barking and playing. There is also a talking parrot<sup>3</sup>! At the electronics store, Mrs. White sees a TV she wants to buy for the family. Billy asks the salesman<sup>4</sup>, "How much does the TV cost?" The salesman answers, "That TV is \$2,300, sir."

Billy is astonished! "That is a lot of money, honey," he says. "Besides, the kids are happy with their presents." How about some ice-cream instead?" The children like the idea. They all scream, "Yeah, daddy, let's go!"



What kind of thing	gs do they see at the mall? I have see few doops at the pet shop, the eletronics show.
	gs do you like to do at the mail? I tike buy dollers, and shows us with my friends.
What does Mrs. V	White want to buy? She wants & buy a to for the family
Who wants ice cr	eam? <u>Nou kido</u>

#### exercises

## Choose the best option to complete the sentences.

- a) Carl, we need to do \_5000 work for Mr. Gardner's writing class. (few/many/some)
- b) I know. We have \_\_\_\_\_time before the deadline. (many/little/few)
- c) How \_\_\_\_do we have done? (much/lots of/many)
- d) We have a \_\_\_\_\_sentences. (little/few/some)
- e) Do we have \_\_\_\_\_complete paragraphs? (much/few/any)
- f) No, but I have good ideas to connect these sentences. (few/some/much)
- g) Well, let's start. There's work to do. (a lot of/many/no)
- h) And we only have a few hours to work together this afternoon. (lots of/little/few)

## 2. Complete with much, many, few, little, a lot of, or lots of.

- a) Poor boy. He doesn't have a let of friends.
- b) How \_\_\_\_\_eggs are in the fridge?
- c) I don't have \_\_much\_ money. I can not go to the movies.
- d) How Wuch Pepsi do you want?
- e) The band has detset good songs. They're very talented.
- f) There is \_\_little\_\_ water in the jug. We need more.
- g) How \_\_\_\_\_\_ siblings does Lucy have?
- h) I only have a dollars in my bank account.
- i) How <u>much</u> time do we have before lunch?





0.

OBMS

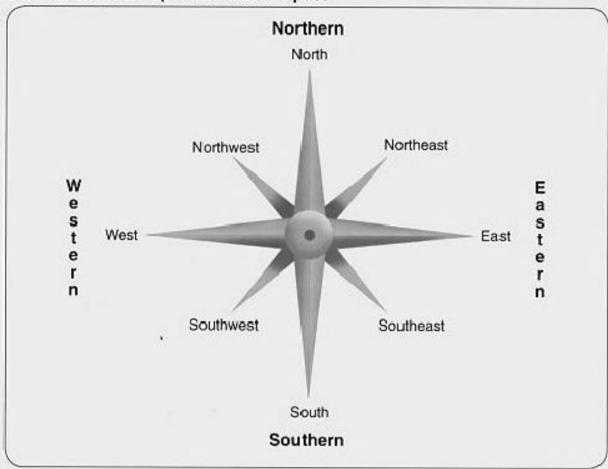
3. Use the map to answer the questions below. Use the expressions in the box to help you.



Turn left/right on	Ave.	Go two blocks and	Go up/down	Street and
a : How do Last fro	m the laun	dromat to the supermarke	+2	
		urn right on Maple Dr. and		. It's on your right
		ow do I get to the bank?		
iontra es	glot k	by lypuss Street	write 6th strue	reet and
		ng bons suit et e		
the side				
		I need to do to get to the	school?	
		· Main Street and		NAK.
The state of the s	4.			L1-1/kness
3 NW ON	cet , ye	e writing the St. Pow	Y MINNON	
a) Haw many blo	aka ara th	ore between the aum and	the movie theater?	
		ere between the gym and	the movie theater?	
Two Yole	KKP.			
10 Dec. 11 11 11	La se	11 1 1 0 0 1 100		
a) Denny's is 🖆	Marc	blocks from Granada Hill	S.	
a) I'm at the cab	ool now U	low do I get to the police s	totion?	
				EE
	N. Committee of the com	y St. Paul Avenu		154
Street, 1	Un mail	and as unt	is she end.	

e.

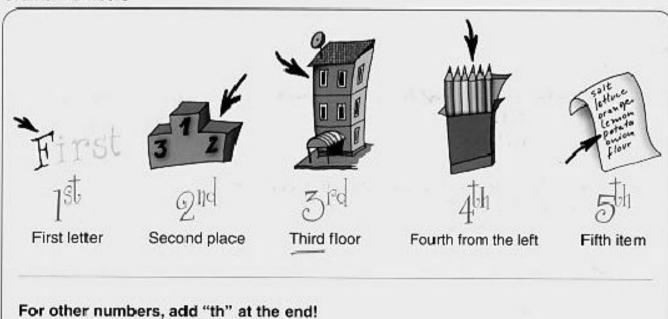
#### Cardinal directions: points of the compass



#### Ordinal numbers

Sixth

Seventh



T

T

T

T

R

T

Ninth Tenth

Eleventh

Eighteenth

Twelfth Thirteenth

Nineteenth Twentieth

Eighth

Fourteenth Fifteenth Sixteenth Seventeenth

# Phones & Chat

# Soop opera

#### conversation





\*ring\*ring\*

Secretary: Good morning. Cypress Engineering.

Melinda speaking.

Mr. Hartman: I'd like to speak to Mr. Peterson, please.

Secretary: I'm sorry, but Mr. Peterson is not available at the

moment. Would you like to leave him a message?

Mr. Hartman: Yes. This is Mr. Hartman calling about the fax

machine that is still not working. I'd like an

explanation for the delay!

Secretary: I apologize for the inconvenience, Mr. Hartman. We

are doing our best to fix it as soon as possible.

Mr. Hartman: Thanks, Melinda.

Secretary: Does Mr. Peterson have your number?

Mr. Hartman: I think so, but jot it down just in case. It's 514-9334.

Secretary: Ok, that's 514-9334, area code 804?

Mr. Hartman: That's right. I appreciate your help, Melinda.

Secretary: Anytime, Mr. Hartman.

## \*ring\*ring\*

Rose: Hello?

Todd: Hello. This is Todd. May I speak with Rose, please?

Rose: This is she. What's up, Todd?

Todd: I'm getting ready for that math test. What are you up to?

Rose: I'm knitting a shirt for my sister. It's her birthday tomorrow.

Todd: That's nice. I'm stuck on this math problem. Your brother's

good at math. Is he around?

Rose: He's around here somewhere. Let me check. He's outside

washing the car.

Todd: Shoot, I guess I'm out of luck, then.

Rose: Why don't you come over in about an hour, and we can

study together?

Todd: Thanks, Rose. You are doing me a big favor.

Rose: It's not a problem. But I got to go now. I'm in a hurry to finish

this shirt! See you later, Todd.

Todd: Later!



\*ring\*ring\*

Operator: Operator.

Caller: Hello, operator? I'd like to place a collect call to Greensboro, please.

Operator: Phone number, please, starting with the area code.

Caller: Area (336) 262-7410.

Operator: Thank you. Please identify yourself after the beep.

\*beep\*

Caller: Cal Donahue.

Operator: Thank you. Stay on the line while I put you through.



#### voc box



#### Asking for someone



Hello, may I speak with Ac.? Hi, I'm calling for by. Is she(he) there? May I ask who is speaking? I'd like to talk to Ano, please.

#### Answering a call



This is Pud!

Just a moment, please.

He is not in right now.

May I take a message?

Would you like to leave a message?

May I ask who's calling?

Who's speaking, please?

## Hanging up



Will you let her know I called, please?

Tell her called, please.

I have to go now.

Talk to you later!

Thanks for calling.

Thanks for your help.

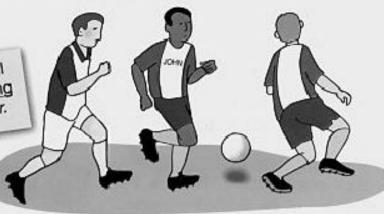
Read

Your t



## Read and listen. What are John and Susan doing right now?

John is a doctor. He works at St. Paul Hospital. Today is Sunday. Is he working now? No, he isn't. He is playing soccer.





Susan is a student. She studies at Madison
Elementary School from 8:30 am to 4:00 pm.
It's 7:00 pm. She is not studying now.
She's watching TV with her dad.

Your turn! Complete the charts below.

#### Affirmative

He	
She	is working right now.

## Negative

You Out not working right now.
They

## Interrogative

Am	1		
್ದಿ	He	Men	ing at the moment?
Aru	We		

## HOUSECLEANING

Debbie is helping her family clean the house. There is a lot of work to do, so everybody has chores. Her mom is cleaning the windows' and mopping the floors. Her teenage sister, Betty, is tidying up her room?. It's taking her a long time because she's procrastinating. Betty is the lazy one of the family. Her brother, Luke, is in the front yard mowing the lawn? Debbie's job is to organize the pantry and dust the furniture. What about her dads? What is he doing?



#### comprehension

Is Debbie studying right now? Why or why not? No, she won't. Because she wo

Jamily have a housekeeper? How do you know that? No, Webbit's

What is her dad doing at the moment? You dad in eleaning the bathrigem

What is Betty doing right now? Snew dalking on the cull phone with warmene.

What do you think your best friend is doing right now? I thank my but fuend is bleeping. Meu.

What are you doing now? I'm listining music.

1. Co

e.g

a) !

b) \

d) \

e) I

f) J

2. Put

a) F

e.g

b) F

c) T

d) V

e) I

f) B

3. Mat

1. V

2. V

3. A

4. D

5. Is

6. D

## 1. Complete the sentences using the verbs below. Follow the example.

To play To do To sleep

To listen

To work

To study

Totalk

To joke



e.g.: He is studying in the library now.

a) Mary up werking at the office.

b) What are you diring ? "I am splaying video games."

c) Be quiet! Grandma in bluping in the living room.

d) What are you distining to? "It's rock and roll!"

e) Is Joe serious? "No, he us Jokung with you."

f) Jack and Dave 2007' + Holking to each other. (negative)

#### 2. Put the verbs in the correct tense.

e.g.: Meg is playing the piano for her grandparents. (to play)

a) Helen un doughing at Joe's joke. (to laugh)

b) Peter in a bank in the afternoons. (to work) Would be

c) They French every day. (to speak)

d) Why all you lesking out the window? (to look)

e) I home my socks every day. (to change)

f) Betsy <u>un untimo</u> a delicious hamburger in the kitchen now. (to eat)



## 3. Match the answers on the right to the questions on the left and fill in the blanks.

1. What do you do on weekends?-

2. Who is knocking on the door?

3. Are they studying Math?

4. Do you have an English dictionary?X

5. Is he sleeping now?

Does Maya walk to school? ⅓

(2) Callie is knocking on the door.

( 4) Yes, \_\_\_\_\_d do. Here it is!

(⋾) No. \_ & is watching TV.

(6) No, 5/12 doesn't. She rides the bus.

(1) I go to the movies.

(3) No, they are shadying English.

## 4. Answer each question according to the picture. Follow the example below.



e.g.: Is she riding a bicycle?
No, she isn't. She is making the bed.



a) Are they drinking soda?

No, they own't They are playing societ.



De

De

De

De

J

De

JI

M

K

An M

KI

c) Are they riding a horse?

No, they own 17. They are playing quitar.



e) Is she working out?

No, she won't.



b) Is he doing the dishes?

No, he won't goe is viding a bike



d) Is she shopping?

No, she won't she is aumming. No, she won't

curiosities



#### Words to know

Dial tone

Busy signal



Phone number



Caller



Dead (no dial tone / no battery)

Long distance



Local



Country code



Area code

Verbs to know

to dial

to request (information)

to be (busy)

# Seasons & Holidays

#### conversation



Derek: Hi, Julie! Do you know what today is?

Julie: How could I not? It's February 14th,

Valentine's Day!

Derek: You sure sound excited. Are you getting Brian something for Valentine's Day?

Julie: I'm thinking of getting him a nice shirt.

Derek: He'll like that. I got a secret Valentine this morning, and I'm very curious to

know who sent it!

Julie: Oooh, a secret Valentine, huh, Derek? You know, you give a Valentine to someone you love—family, friends, girlfriend... crushes! So it's got to be someone who thinks you're special.

Derek: Do you think so? Maybe it's from Hannah. She's been acting funny lately. Do you think she has a crush on me?

Julie: I don't know... could be... It's a mystery!

Derek: Hey, you know something about all this, don't you? Now I'm even more curious!

Julie: I guess you'll just have to wait to find out!

Mom: All right, kids. It's time for everyone's favorite part of Easter: the Easter egg hunt! Who

wants to play?

Kids: Me, me! I do! Yay!

Annie: Where do we start, mom?

Mom: Here are the rules: just follow the bunny trails — those paw prints¹ on the ground are the trails. Some lead to the Easter eggs², others just take you around in circles. Try out each one, until you find all the eggs. But no pushing and no fighting! If you can't play nice, you'll have to sit out. Ready? Go!

nave to sit out. I

Kids: Yeaah!!



#### Seasons



Spring warm blooming flowers



Summer hot green grass



Fall cool changing leaves

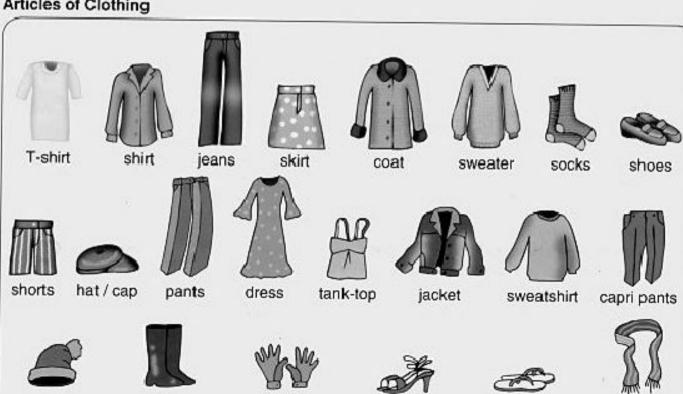


Winter cold bare trees

## Articles of Clothing

beanie

boots



sandals

flip-flops

scarf

gloves

#### Other Holidays

ēēš

es

ants

Thanksgiving



St. Patrick's Day



March 17th

New Year's Eve



## language interaction

Julie is planning her annual family Thanksgiving dinner. Aunt Mary and Uncle Tom always come, but her brother Philip never comes. He lives in England. They usually have turkey for dinner. But this year she wants to do something different. They rarely eat ham, so this year she wants to serve smoked ham with honey.



Julie always calls Brian. Brian never calls his Aunt Mary. Jessica is usually home at 5 pm. Her parents are never at home before 7 pm.

- 1x once a week (month, year, etc.)
- 2x twice
- 3x three times
- 4x four times
- 10x ten times

always almost always = 5x-6x a week usually often

sometimes occasionally

seldom / rarely 1 1x a ment hardly ever

almost never

I go to the beach Ixa year

■ 100% - 7× = Wce

1x-4x a week

s almost nover go to the boach

fifty-one 51

N TOTAL



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j) H

## MERRY CHRISTMAS!

Christmas is my favorite time of year! There is always good food and good times with the family. In the United States, Christmas is in the winter, but in Brazil, it is in the summer. Sometimes I visit family in the US. There, we often get snow during Christmas and New Year's. Most Christmases, my family gets together on Christmas Eve for a big turkey dinner, and we exchange gifts at midnight. The holiday candles make the house smell great! The children sit around the tree waiting for Santa Claus to bring their presents. The house is always full of love and fun as we wish each other a Merry Christmas and a Happy New Year!

## comprehension

In what season is Christmas in your country? <u>Sn Summur</u>	-
What is your favorite part of Christmas? My Javoute sport are the spreamts.	
What does a typical Christmas dinner include? I typical Phishmos dimin is the durkuy.  Who do kids expect on Christmas Eve? The kids uppert for Santa Claus	_
What is your favorite holiday? I don't have a facult, but feit christman	 2.5
What do you do on your favorite holiday? Some Javouk Jak day Shike britique to may guamama's house	L,

Spurroy

## 1. Write the name of the season that corresponds to each article of clothing below.







Winter

Summer



Bathing suit & flip-flops



Jacket



rith ner.

we sit of

Capris



Sweatsuit





Mini-skirt

## 2. Choose the best option to complete each sentence.

- a) The sun (never/often) shines in spring.
- b) It (usually/seldom) rains in London.
- c) The weather is (always/rarely) hot in summer.
- d) The weather is (generally/seldom) cool in fall.
- e) We (usually/never) speak Portuguese in class.
- f) Kids (seldom/usually) get presents on Christmas.
- g) I visit my grandma (twice/often) a week.
- h) Lucy loves pizza. She eats it (once a month/every day).
- i) They work on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays. They work (three times/twice) a week. a
- j) How (always/often) do you travel abroad? ~



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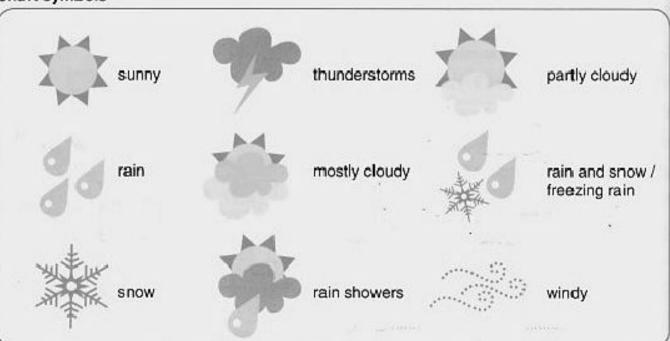
Jac

Luc

#### Weather forecasts around the world

London, England	Windy with rain showers		High Temperature 14°C	8°C
Rio de Janeiro, Brazil	Mainly sunny skies	I,I	38°C	29°C
Anchorage, Alaska	Snow storm and blizzards	*	35°F	23°F
Auckland, New Zealand	Chilly and cloudy	-	69°F	64°F
Manila, Phillipines	Humid with possible thunderstorms	900	32°C	27°C
Miami, USA	Clear skies and strong winds		80°F	73°F

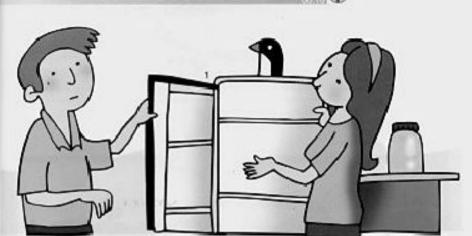
## Chart symbols



fifty-four

# Groceries & Supermarkets

#### conversation



Lucy: Jack, the fridge1 is empty, and I'm hungry! Let's go to the supermarket.

Jack: I'll grab the grocery list2.

At the grocery store...

Jack: I'll get a shopping cart3... Ok, all set.

Lucy: We need some lettuce, peas, bananas, grapes, butter, sugar, and milk.

Jack: Woah! Slow down. Let's get what we need in the fruits and vegetables section first. Then we can go to the dairy section.

Lucy: You're right. Sorry.

Jack: No problem. Here we are...

Lucy: Ok. What else do we need?

Jack: How about olive oil, honey?

Lucy: Good idea. I think it's in the next aisle over. Did you get the bread?

Jack: Wheat bread, French baguettes, or sliced bread?

Lucy: Whatever you want.

Jack: Got it. Get those cookies I like.

Lucy: They're on the top shelf. I can't reach them.

Jack: Let me help you.

Lucy: Thanks. Anything else?

Jack: Ice cream4. It's always good to have ice cream in the house.

Lucy: Ok, but don't get chocolate. I can't stand chocolate ice cream!

Jack: All right, vanilla then.

Lucy: Mm-hm. That's the last item on the list. We're done!

Jack: We have more than we need. Let's go to the check-out counter before we buy the whole store!

Lucy: That's why they say it's never a good idea to go grocery shopping on an empty stomach!

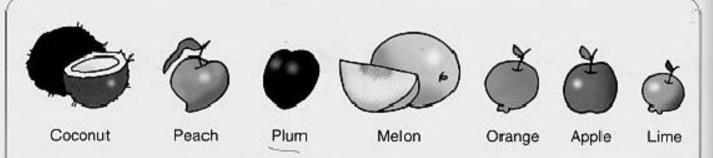




## Forms of payment



#### More food





Potato



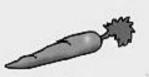
Beans



Tomato



Cucumber



Way

You

Carrot



Cooking Oil



Olive oil



Vinegar



Canned food



Jam



Rice



Nuts



Potato chips



Junk food

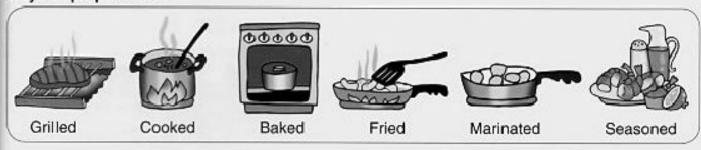


Salt



Sugar

#### Ways to prepare food



## language interaction







Lucy is looking at Ann.

Lucy is looking at Ann.

She is looking at her.

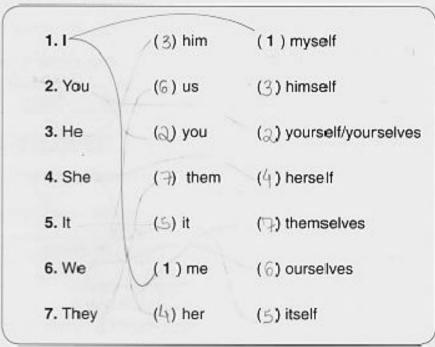
Linda is talking to Bob.

↓

<u>She</u> is talking to <u>him</u>.

Lucy is looking at herself in the mirror.

## Your turn! Follow the example below.



## GROCERY SHOPPING

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b)

c)

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e)

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j) [

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Do you enjoy grocery shopping? Some people think it is stressful and time-consuming, while others enjoy buying fresh groceries for the week. One of the things that affects your experience is the kind of store you choose to go. There are large chain supermarkets, and there are small local stores. People prefer one kind of supermarket to another for different reasons.

Large supermarkets offer better prices and greater variety, while smaller ones tend to be more limited. However, shoppers like them because of their tradition and convenience. Local markets are usually owned by residents of the neighborhood. These kinds of businesses are called "mom & pop" stores. They are invaluable for their commitment to the surrounding community.

As the times change, so does the way people buy groceries. Chain supermarkets have many different items, from food to electronic appliances. But, because of their size, they are more crowded. Lines are longer and aisles are far apart from each other. So while it is great to get everything you need in one trip, you may have difficulty finding the items on your list.

#### comprehension

Give examples of what you can find in la	rge supermarkets. A great variety of
Why do some people choose small store	es rather than large ones? Cause the traducion
Do you prefer large supermarkets or sma	all stores? I prufer lange supermankets
What items do you usually have on your	grocery list?
Milen	skok.
Potato chips	uec
Junk Jood	apple
	Shaw bever
- dish	- Wilk

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unany

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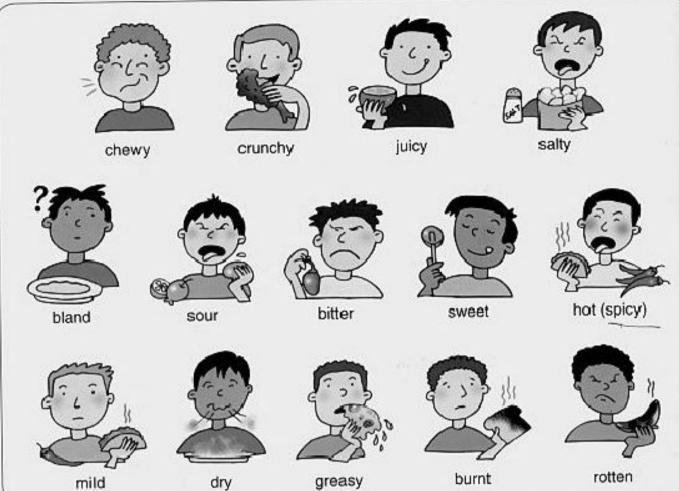
## Choose the best option to complete each sentence.

e.g.: I love Jack. He is my boyfriend. (him / he)
a) Be careful with the knife. Don't cut (you / yourself)
b) Please, do it for I'm tired. (myself / me)
c) My parents always go out together love to go to the movies. (they / them) C
d) Paul usually calls Patricia. She never calls (himself / him)
e) My grandma talks toall the time. (herself / myself)
f) The teacher always gives a lot of homework. (we / us)
g) I don't need any helpcan go home. (himself / you)
h) He doesn't need any help. He can do it by (himself / you)
i) Susie is a great teacher. All the students like (her / she)
j) Bye, girls! Enjoy was at the party! (yourselves / you)

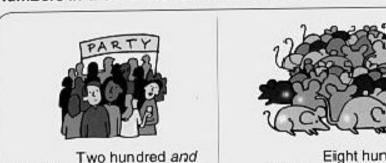
## 2. In the paragraph below are ten mistakes involving pronouns. Find and correct each one. The first one was done for you as an example. Good luck finding the remaining 9!

Maryanne is a music student at a conservatory in New York City. He is a very good school for professional performers. Her parents help her financially, so she doesn't have to pay for school by myself. She plays the keyboard and the saxophone, but the sax is her favorite. He has a beautiful, smooth sound that Maryanne just loves. This is her tenth year as a music student. Although her mom and dad are also musicians, Maryanne chooses to study music for themselves. She loves to perform in front of large audiences. She doesn't get nervous anymore because she practices at home for her friends and family. It makes herself happy to see the audience's enthusiasm. Maryanne also enjoys improvising jazz on the keyboard. Improvisation lets her express iteeff. Maryanne advises all of her friends to find a way to express ourselves. "It is important," she says, "for people to know yourselves. And how can we know themselves if we don't let our feelings out in some way?" Maryanne says that music isn't hard. "If myself can do it, anybody can!"

#### Words that describe taste



## Numbers in the hundreds and thousands



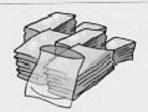
Two hundred and 253 fifty-three guests



Eight hundred and two mice



One thousand 1,000 ideas



Seven thousand three hundred and four plastic bags



Ten thousand 10,000 cardboard boxes



Three thousand five hundred 3,500 customers

1 - We

# Chapter Summaries Focus on Grammar

# 1 - Welcome & Nationalities

#### Verb "to be"

1	am	ľm
He She It	is	He's She's It's
You We They	are	You're We're They're



Affirmative	
I'm Brazilian.	- 20
He's a student.	
She's a good girl.	
It's a big pencil.	
You're smart.	
We're Mexican.	
They're nice people.	

Negative	
I am not Brazilian.	
He is not a student.	
She is not a good girl.	
It is not a big pencil.	
You are not smart.	
We are not Mexican.	
They are not nice people.	

Interrogative	
Am I Brazilian?	
Is he a student?	
Is she a good girl?	
Is it a big pencil?	
Are you smart?	
Are we Mexican?	
Are they nice people?	

# 2-Occupations & Age

#### **Demonstrative Pronouns**

	Singular	Plural
Near	this	these
Far	that	those



## Prepositions for location

In	city, state, country or region	We live In Brazil.
On	street or avenue	We live on Bahia Street.
At	specific number	We live at 169 Bahia Street.

#### There + to be

Expresses existence

Singular	There is
Plural	There are

#### Affirmative

There is a pencil in my bag.

There are clouds in the sky.

## Negative

There isn't a pencil in my bag.

There aren't clouds in the sky.

#### Interrogative

Is there a pencil in my bag?

Are there clouds in the sky?



#### **Plural Nouns**

Nounds that end in	Plural form	Examples
ch, sh, s, ss, X, Z, O	add es	bus - bus <i>es</i> dish - dish <i>es</i>
f or fe	drop the f or fe and add ves	wife - wil <i>ves</i> knife - kni <i>ves</i>
y preceded by a consonant	drop the y and add les	family - famil <i>ies</i> country - countr <i>ies</i>
man	switch a to e	man - men woman - women

# 4 - Routines & Habits

## Simple Present & the Auxilary Verb "do"

Refers to habits, routines, frequent actions, and general facts

I You We They	work
He She It	works

You We They	do
He She It	does

## Affirmative

They eat lunch at home.

She eats breakfast every day.

## Negative

They don't eat lunch at home.

She doesn't eat breakfast every day.

## Interrogative

Do they eat lunch at home?

Does she eat breakfast every day?



# 5 - Animals & Time

#### **Telling Time**

Time	What to use	Example
00'	o'clock	10:00 → ten o'clock
01' - 30'	past/after	1:10 → ten past/after one
31' - 59'	to + the next hour	8:40 → twenty to nine
00' - 59'	hour + minutes	3:35 → three thirty-five
15'	a quarter past/after	11:15 → a quarter past/after eleven
30'	(a) half past	6:30 → half past six
45'	a quarter to	4:45 → a quarter to five

## Describing appearances & expressing likes and dislikes

What's he like?	general appearance	He's tall and funny.
What does he like?	preferences	He likes pizza and beer.

# 6 - Food & Kitchen

#### Articles

Definite	the	used for specific nouns	the chair (the one you're sitting in)
Indefinite	a	used for several	a chair (any chair in the room)
an	used for general nouns	an egg (any egg in the refrigerator)	

ome, A	ny, No	p some when is offering (ofward
Word	Used in	Example
some	affirmative sentences and polite offers	There is some chocolate cake in the refrigerator. Would you like some chocolate cake?
any	general questions and negative sentences (after a negative verb)	Is there any chocolate cake in the refrigerator? There isn't any chocolate cake in the refrigerator.
no	negative sentences (after a positive verb)	There is no chocolate cake in the refrigerator.

continued on the next page...

#### Compounds with some

refers to an unknown person, thing, or place

used in affirmative sentences and polite questions when the identity of the person/place/thing is not important

someone	200	Someone is in the kitchen, but I don't know who.
somebody	people	There's somebody at the door.
something	things	Would you like something to drink?
somewhere	places	Let's go somewhere!

#### Compounds with any

refers to a person, place, or thing when which person, place, or thing is not important used in questions and negative statements

anyone		Is anyone in the kitchen?
anybody	people	There isn't anybody at the door.
anything	things	I don't want anything to drink, thank you.
anywhere	places	I don't want to go anywhere but the beach.

#### Compounds with no

refers to an absence of people, places, or things used in questions and affirmative statements

no-one	1	Is there no-one home?
nobody	people	Nobody knows where the party is.
nothing	things	She has nothing to do today.
nowhere	places	I have nowhere to go this weekend

## Adjective word order (when describing nouns, follow this order)

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	NOUN
opinion	size	shape	age	color	origin	material	NOON
beautiful			new	blue			house
	large	square				wooden	table
popular			old		Brazilian		song

# 7 - Sighseeing & Shopping

#### Nouns

Countable	Uncountable
individual items, objects, people, or things	materials, liquids, concepts, and emotions
can be counted one by one	needs measurements to be counted
have singular and plural form	there is no plural form
applies, chairs, tables, cars	rice, water, advice, love

#### Many, Much, A lot of, Lots of, Plenty of, Few, and Little

Many: countable nouns (plural)

Much: uncountable nouns (singular)

A lot of, Lots of, Plenty of: countable plural and

uncountable nouns

Indefinite amount

Small Few:

Big

Few: countable nouns (plural)

Little: uncountable nouns (singular)

#### Direction words and phrases

ething
street
ection



## 8 - Phone & Chats

#### Present Continuous

Expresses an action while it is still taking place (sometime between the beginning and the end of the action).

subject	to be	verb + ing
1	am	
He She It	is	eating
You We They	are	

#### Affirmative

I am studying English this year.

The phone is ringing.

#### Negative

I am not studying English this year.

The phone is not ringing.

#### Interrogative

Am I studying English this year?

is the phone ringing?



# 9 - Seasons & Holidays

## Adverbs of frequency

100%	always	I always go to the mall.
80%	usually, generally	My friends usually go with me.
60%	frequently, often	My mom often goes with us.
40%	sometimes	Sometimes I go to the mall alone.
20%	rarely, seldom	My boyfriend seldom goes with me.
0%	never	My father never goes to the mall.



#### How often ...?

1x	once
2x	twice
3x	three times

## Position of adverbs of frequency

to be	I am always late.
to be	She is rarely on time.
other	I always arrive late.
verbs	She rarely arrives on time.



# 10 - Groceries & Supermarkets

## Object Pronouns & Reflexive Pronouns

Object pronouns are used after a verb or a preposition. Reflexive pronouns refer to something we do to ourselves.

They are also used to express something we did alone (without anyone's help).

subject	object	reflexive
1	me	myself
You (singular)	you	yourself
You (plural)	you	yourselves
He	him	himself
She	her	herself
lt	it	itself
We	us	ourselves
They	them	themselves

